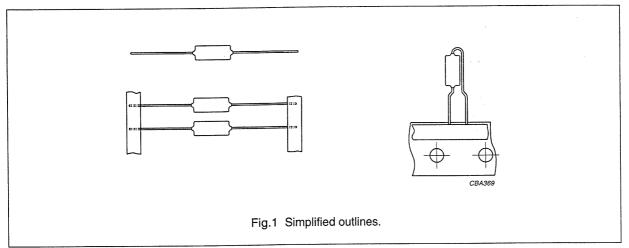
KP 460 to 464

KP AXIAL EPOXY LACQUERED TYPE



FEATURES

 Supplied loose in box, taped on reel or unidirectional.

APPLICATIONS

 In circuits where close tolerance, reliability and low losses are of prime importance, for example: tuned circuits, filter and timing networks.

DETAIL SPECIFICATION

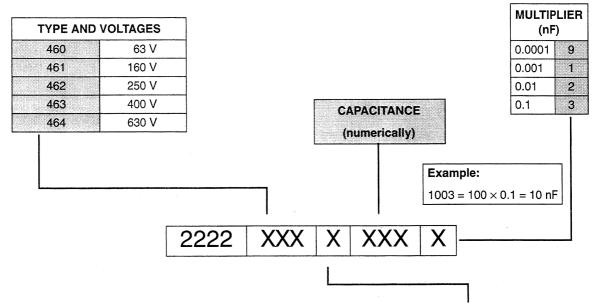
For more detailed data and test requirements see "Type detail specification HQN-384-13/101".

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

DESCRIPTION	VALUE
Capacitance range (E12 series)	47 to 62000 pF
Capacitance tolerance	±5% (E24 series); ±2% (E24, E48 series); ±1% (E24, E48, E96 series)
Rated (DC) voltage	63 V; 160 V; 250 V; 400 V; 630 V
Climatic category	40/100/56
Rated temperature	85 °C
Maximum application temperature	100 °C
Reference specification	IEC 60384-13
Stability class for:	
63; 160; 250 V versions	class 1
400; 630 V versions	class 2

KP 460 to 464

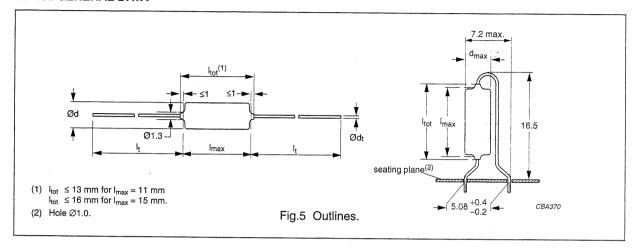
COMPOSITION OF CATALOGUE NUMBER



PACKAGING	TAPE DISTANCE	C-TOL	
		±1%	8
Taped on reel	tape distance = 63.5 mm	±2%	7
		±5%	6
	lead length 30.0 or 28.0 mm; see tables with catalogue numbers	±1%	4
Loose in box		±2%	3
	with catalogue numbers	±5%	2
l laidine ational	11 105	±1%	1
Unidirectional	H = 16.5 mm	±2%	0

KP 462

KP 462 GENERAL DATA



Specific reference data for the 250 V DC capacitors

DESCRIPTION	VALUE		
	at 1 kHz	at 100 kHz	
Tangent of loss angle:			
1 000 pF < C ≤ 5000 pF	≤5 × 10 ⁻⁴	≤10 × 10 ⁻⁴	
5 000 pF < C ≤ 20 000 pF	≤5 × 10 ⁻⁴	≤15 × 10 ⁻⁴	
20 000 pF < C ≤ 22 000 pF	≤5 × 10 ⁻⁴	≤25 × 10 ⁻⁴	
Rated voltage pulse slope (dU/dt) _R at 250 V (DC)	10000 V/us		
R between leads; at 100 V; 1 minute	>100000 MΩ		
R between interconnected leads and case; 100 V; 1 minute	>100000 MΩ		
Withstanding (DC) voltage (cut off current 10 mA); rise time 100 V/s	500 V; 1 minute		
Withstanding (DC) voltage between leads and case	500 V; 1 minute		

Available 250 V DC versions

PACKAGING	C-tol	FIRST 8 DIGITS OF CATALOGUE NUMBER	ORDERING
	±1%	2222 462 8	preferred
Taped on reel; notes 1 and 2	±2%	2222 462 7	preferred
	±5%	2222 462 6	on request
	±1%	2222 462 4	on request
Loose in box; note 1	±2%	2222 462 3	on request
The state of the s	±5%	2222 462 2	on request
Unidirectional; notes 1 and 2	±1%	2222 462 1	on request
	±2%	2222 462 0	on request

Available on request

PACKAGING	TAPE DISTANCE (mm)
Taped in ammopack	52.5; note 2
	63.5; note 2
Taped on reel	52.5; note 2

Notes

- 1. For SPQ refer to this handbook, chapter "Packaging information".
- 2. For detailed specifications refer to this handbook, chapter "Packaging information".

KP 462

 $U_{Rdc} = 250 \text{ V}; \ U_{Rac} = 125 \text{ V}$

			CATALOGUE NUMBER			
C ⁽¹⁾	DIMENSIONS		TAPED ON REEL			
(E24)	d _{max} × I _{max}	MASS	TAPE DISTANCE	APE DISTANCE 63.5 mm UNIDIRECTION		CTIONAL
(pF)	(mm)	(g)	C-tol = ±2%	C-tol = ±1%	C-tol = ±2%	C-tol = ±1%
			catalogue number(2)	last 5 digits(2)	last 5 digits	last 5 digits
l _t = 30.0 mm;	$d_t = 0.60 \pm 0.06 \text{ mm}$					
1200		0.5	2222 462 71 202	81202	01202	11202
1 300		0.5	2222 462 7 1302	81302	0 1302	11302
1500		0.4	2222 462 7 1502	81502	0 1502	11502
1 600		0.5	2222 462 7 1602	81602	0 1602	11602
1800		0.6	2222 462 7 1802	81802	0 1802	11802
2000	5.0 × 11.0	0.6	2222 462 7 2002	82002	0 2002	12002
2200		0.5	2222 462 7 2202	82202	0 2202	12202
2400		0.5	2222 462 7 2402	82402	02402	12402
2700		0.5	2222 462 7 2702	82702	0 2702	12702
3000		0.5	2222 462 7 3002	83002	0 3002	13002
3300		0.5	2222 462 7 3302	83302	0 3302	13302
l _t = 28.0 mm;	d _t = 0.60 ±0.06 mm					
3600		0.5	2222 462 7 3602	83602		
3900		0.5	2222 462 7 3902	83902		
4300		0.6	2222 462 7 4302	84302		
4700		0.6	2222 462 7 4702	84702		
5100	6.0 × 15.0	0.6	2222 462 7 5102	85102	_	_
5600		0.6	2222 462 7 5602	85602		
6200		0.7	2222 462 7 6202	86202		
6800		0.7	2222 462 7 6802	86802		
7500		0.7	2222 462 7 7502	87502		
8200		0.8	2222 462 7 8202	88202		
9100	6.5 × 15.0	0.8	2222 462 7 9102	89102	-	_
10000		0.9	2222 462 71003	81003		
11 000		0.9	2222 462 7 1103	81103		
12000	7.0 × 15.0	1.0	2222 462 7 1203	81203	_	_
13000		1.0	2222 462 7 1303	81303		
15000		1.1	2222 462 71503	81503		
16000	7.5×15.0	1.2	2222 462 7 1603	81603	_	_
18000	8.0 × 15.0	1.3	2222 462 71803	81803	_	_
20000		1.4	2222 462 7 2003	82003		
22000	8.5 × 15.0	1.5	2222 462 7 2203	. 82203	_	_

Notes

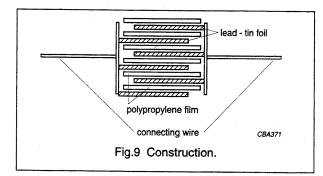
- 1. In addition to the values of the E24 series as quoted, intermediate values are available of the E48 series (with a tolerance of $\pm 2\%$ or $\pm 1\%$) and the E96 series (with a tolerance of $\pm 1\%$). The specifications of these intermediate values are equal to the specifications of the next higher value of the E24 series.
- 2. The shading indicates preferred types.

KP 460 to 464

CONSTRUCTION

Description

- Low-inductive wound cell of metal foil and a polypropylene film
- Protected by a hard, water-repellent solvent-resistant blue epoxy lacquer
- · Axial iron leads, solder-coated.



Mounting

NORMAL USE

The capacitors are suitable for vertical or horizontal mounting on printed-circuit boards. The capacitors packed on bandoliers are designed for mounting on printed-circuit boards by means of automatic insertion machines.

SPECIFIC METHOD OF MOUNTING TO WITHSTAND VIBRATION AND SHOCK

The capacitors shall be mechanically fixed by the leads.

SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The capacitance stability is dependent on the maximum temperature the capacitor reaches during soldering. Figure 10 shows the typical effect of $\Delta C/C$ as a function of soldering time under the worst possible mounting conditions (horizontal on the PCB, minimum possible pitch) and with 80 °C preheating.

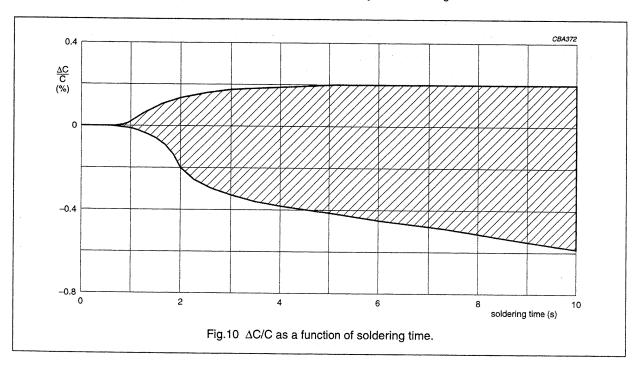
Storage temperature

Storage temperature: T_{stg} = -25 to +40 °C with RH maximum 80% without condensation.

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS REFERENCE CONDITIONS

Unless otherwise specified, all electrical values apply to an ambient free air temperature of 23 ± 1 °C, an atmospheric pressure of 86 to 106 kPa and a relative humidity of 50 $\pm 2\%$.

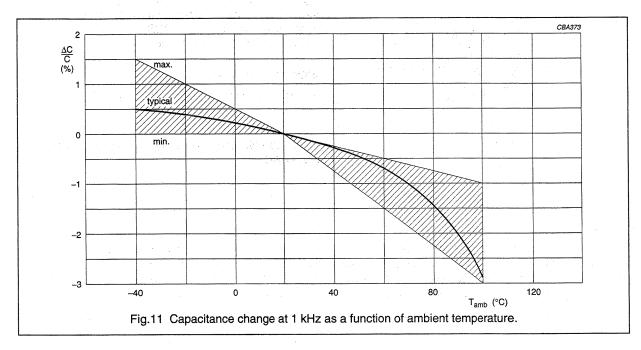
For reference testing, a conditioning period shall be applied over 96 ± 4 hours by heating the products in a circulating air oven at the rated temperature and a relative humidity not exceeding 20%.



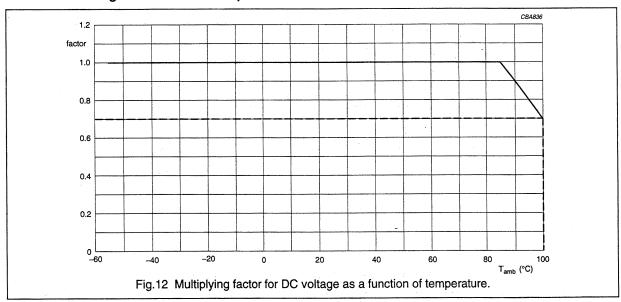
CHARACTERISTICS

Capacitance

- Temperature coefficient:
 - between –40 and +20 °C for C \leq 1000 pF: –(125 $\pm 125) \times 10^{-6}/K$
 - between -40 and +20 °C for C > 1000 pF: $-(125 \pm 60) \times 10^{-6}$ /K
 - between +20 and +100 °C: $-(250 \pm 120) \times 10^{-6}$ /K.

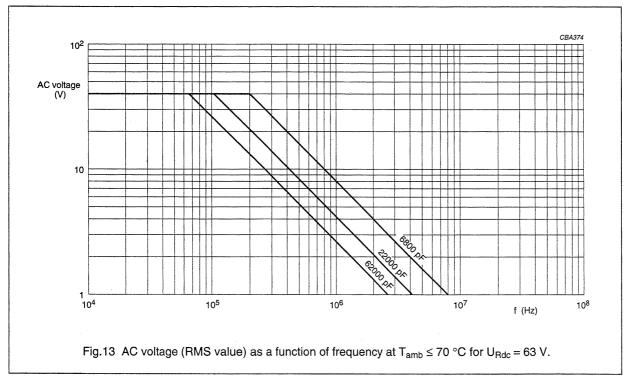


Maximum DC voltage as a function of temperature



KP 460 to 464

Maximum RMS voltage (sinewave) as a function of frequency



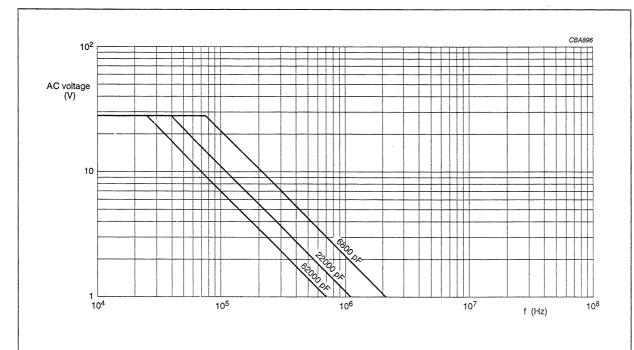
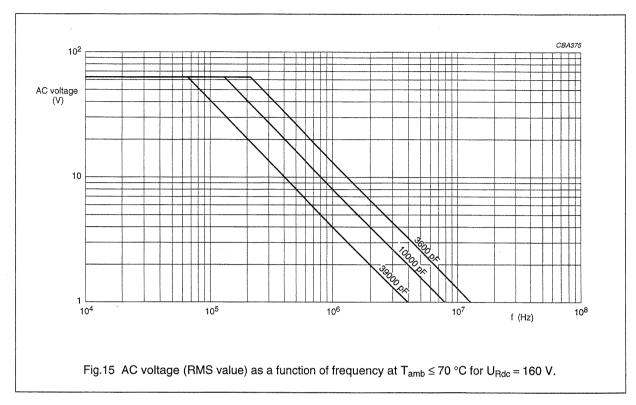
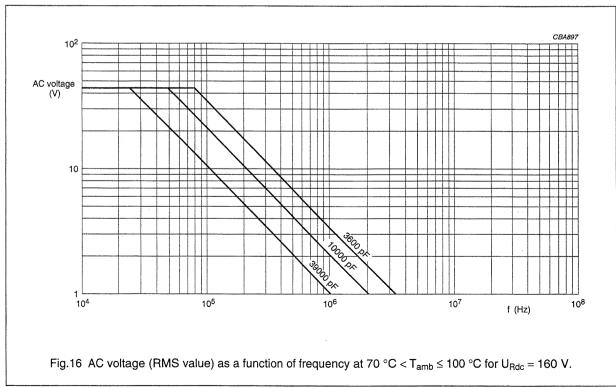


Fig.14 AC voltage (RMS value) as a function of frequency at 70 °C < $T_{amb} \le 100$ °C for $U_{Rdc} = 63$ V.

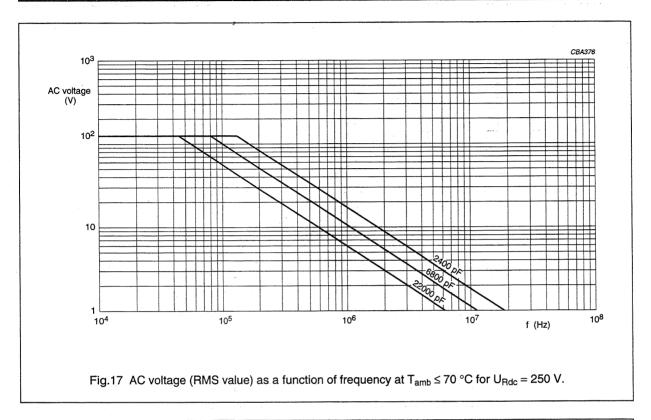
600

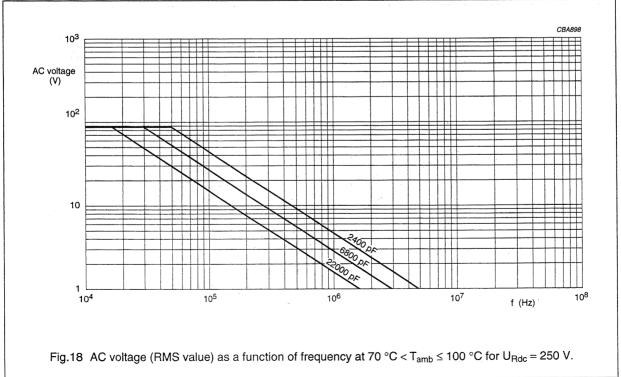
KP 460 to 464



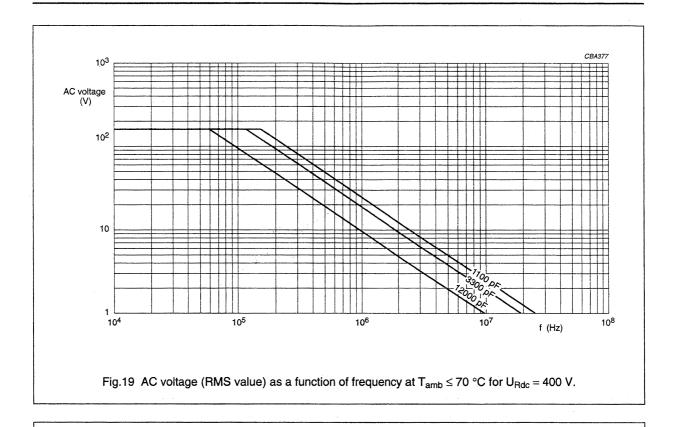


KP 460 to 464





f (Hz)



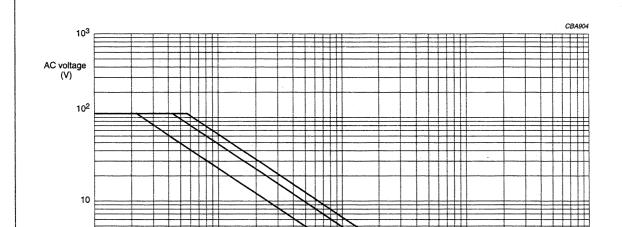
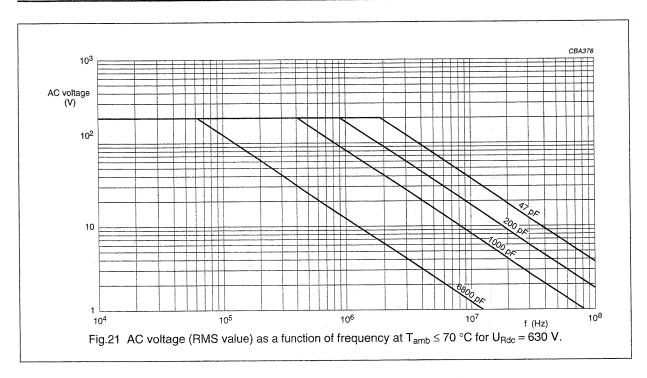
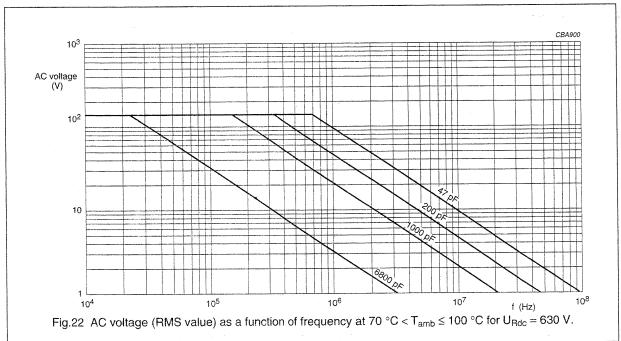


Fig.20 AC voltage (RMS value) as a function of frequency at 70 °C < $T_{amb} \le 100$ °C for $U_{Rdc} = 400$ V.

KP 460 to 464





604

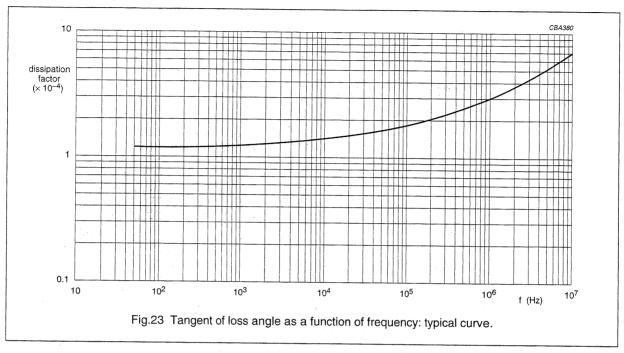
Maximum RMS current (sinewave) as a function of frequency

The maximum RMS current is defined by $I_{ac} = \omega \times C \times U_{ac}$.

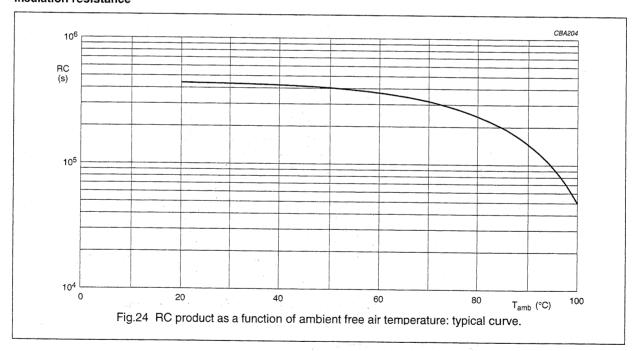
 U_{ac} is the maximum AC voltage depending on the ambient temperature in Figs 13 to 22.

KP 460 to 464

Tangent of loss angle



Insulation resistance

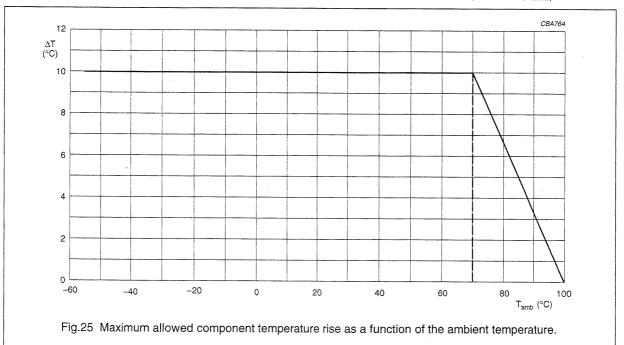


Inductance

L dependent on lead and capacitor length: ≤10 nH/cm.

KP 460 to 464

Maximum allowed component temperature rise (ΔT) as a function of the ambient temperature (T_{amb})



Heat conductivity (G) as a function of body dimensions in mW/°C

Table 1 Heat conductivity

extstyle ext	G (mW/°C)
5.0 × 11.0	2.7
5.5 × 15.0	4.3
6.0 × 15.0	4.7
7.0 × 15.0	5.3
7.5 × 15.0	5.7
8.0 × 15.0	6.3
8.5 × 15.0	6.7

Power dissipation and maximum component temperature rise

The power dissipation must be limited in order not to exceed the maximum allowed component temperature rise as a function of the free air ambient temperature.

Power dissipation can be calculated in accordance with chapter "Introduction", section "Maximum power dissipation".

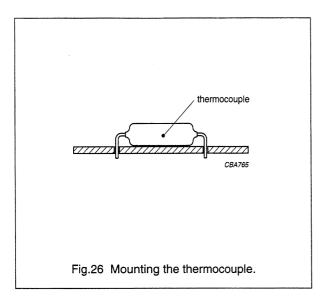
The component temperature rise (ΔT) can be measured (see section "Measuring the component temperature" for more details) or calculated by $\Delta T = P/G$:

- ΔT = component temperature rise (°C).
- P = power dissipation of the component (mW).
- G = heat conductivity of the component (mW/°C).

KP 460 to 464

Measuring the component temperature

A thermocouple must be attached to the capacitor body as in Fig.26.



The temperature is measured in unloaded (T_{amb}) and maximum loaded condition (T_c) .

The temperature rise is given by $\Delta T = T_c - T_{amb}$.

To avoid radiation or convection, the capacitor should be tested in a wind-free box.

Application note and limiting conditions

To select the capacitor for a certain application, the following conditions must be checked:

- The peak voltage (U_p) shall not be greater than the rated DC voltage (U_{Rdc}).
- 2. The peak-to-peak voltage (U_{p-p}) shall not be greater than the maximum U_{p-p} to avoid the ionisation inception level.
- The voltage pulse slope (dU/dt) shall not exceed the rated voltage pulse slope in an RC-circuit at rated voltage and without ringing. If the pulse voltage is lower than the rated DC voltage, the rated voltage pulse slope may be multiplied by U_{Rdc} and divided by the applied voltage.

For all other pulses following equation must be fulfilled:

$$2 \times \int_{0}^{T} \left(\frac{dU}{dt}\right)^{2} \times dt < U_{Rdc} \times \left(\frac{dU}{dt}\right)_{rated}$$

T is the pulse duration.

- 4. The maximum component surface temperature rise must be lower than the limits in Fig.25.
- 5. The maximum component surface temperature must be lower than 100 °C.
- The capacitance drift is influenced by the soldering conditions (see section "Soldering conditions" for more details).

KP 460 to 464

MARKING

Product marking

The capacitors are marked in black ink with the following information:

1. Rated capacitance code in accordance with "IEC 60062"

2. Tolerance on rated capacitance: $F = \pm 1\%$; $G \pm 2\%$; $J = \pm 5\%$

3. Rated (DC) voltage (e.g. 63 V)

4. Code for dielectric material (KP)

5. Production date code in accordance with *"IEC 60062; clause 5"*

6. Manufacturer.

MARKING EXAMPLE

8n2

G 63

KPK2 (see Table 2)

PHILIPS

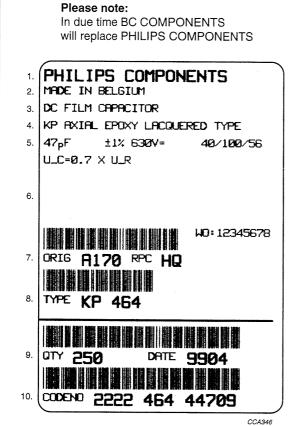
Table 2 Letter codes for year and numbers for month of production

YEAR	LETTER CODE	MONTH	CODE
1998	К	January	1
1999	L	February	2
2000	M	March	3
2001	N	April	4
2002	Р	May	5
2003	R	June	6
2004	S	July	7
2005	Т	August	8
2006	U	September	9
2007	V	October	0
2008	W	November	N
2009	X	December	D

KP 460 to 464

Package marking

The package containing the capacitors is marked as shown in Fig.27.



Barcode label marking

LINE	MARKING EXPLANATION
1	Manufacturer's name
2	Country of origin
3	Sub-family Sub-family
4	Type description
5	Capacitance value, tolerance, voltage and climatic category ("IEC 60068-1")
6	-
7	Preference origin code: A Country of origin in code: 170 (Belgium) Responsible production centre: HQ Work order: WO
8	Product type description
9	Quantity and production period, year and week code
10	Product code (12NC)

Fig.27 Barcode label.

KP 460 to 464

QUICK REFERENCE TEST REQUIREMENTS (see note 1)

TEST	PROCEDURE (quick reference)	REQUIREMENTS
Robustness of leads		
Tensile: "IEC 60068-2-21"	load 10 N; 10 s	
Bending: <i>"IEC 60068-2-21"</i>	load 5 N; 4 × 90°	no visible damage legible marking
Torsion:	2×180°	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$
Resistance to soldering heat: "IEC 60068-2-20"	solder bath: 260 °C; 5 s	∆C/C ≤ 1% (C > 1100 pF)
Component solvent resistance	isopropyl alcohol; 23 °C; 5 minutes	
Robustness of component		
Vibration: "IEC 60068-2-6" Shock: "#FO cooce 0 07"	10 to 55 Hz; amplitude 0.75 mm or acceleration 98 m/s²; 6 hours half sinewave; 490 m/s²; 11 ms	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$ $R_{ins} \ge 50\% \text{ of specified value}$
"IEC 60068-2-27"		
Climatic sequence		·
Dry heat: "IEC 60068-2-2"	16 hours; 100 °C	
Damp heat, cyclic, test Db, first cycle: "IEC 60068-2-30"		$ \Delta C/C \le 1\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$
Cold: "IEC 60068-2-1"	2 hours; –40 °C	R _{ins} ≥ 50% of specified value
Damp heat, cyclic, test Db, remaining cycles: "IEC 60068-2-30"		
Other applicable tests		
Damp heat, steady state: "IEC 60068-2-3"	56 days; 40 °C; 90 to 95% RH	$ \Delta C/C \le 1\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$
		R _{ins} ≥ 50% of specified value
Endurance (DC): "IEC 60384-13"	1000 hours; 1.5 × U _{Rdc} ; 85 °C 1.05 × U _{Rdc} ; 100 °C	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$ A = 100% of specified value
Variation of capacitance with temperature: "IEC 60384-13"	static method; one cycle	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ A C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$
Heat storage: "IEC 60384-13"	1000 hours; 100 °C	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$
Resistance to soldering heat with preheating: "IEC 60384-13"	body temperature: 100 °C; bath temperature: 260 °C; dwell time: 5 s	$ \Delta C/C \le 2\% + 1 \text{ pF } (C \le 1100 \text{ pF})$ $ \Delta C/C \le 1\% (C > 1100 \text{ pF})$

Note

1999 Apr 29 610

^{1.} For detailed information: see "Type detail specification HQN-384-13/101".